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# Ambassador (clipper)

Ambassador is a United Kingdom tea clipper built in 1869. She was a composite clipper, built with wooden planking over an iron skeleton and was W. Lund & Co's first tea clipper. She is now a beached wreck in southern Chile.

### History

William Walker built *Ambassador* at Lavender Dry Dock in London.

Though considered a fast ship, *Ambassador* was said to be "very cranky and overmasted".<sup>[2]</sup> Her first passage to the UK from Foochow came during the Tea Race of 1870 under Captain Duggan and took 115 days, a mediocre performance; that same year the fastest tea passage, also from Foochow, was made by the clipper *Lahloo* (clipper) in just 98 days. *Ambassador*'s fastest passage between China and England was 108 days, in 1872.<sup>[2]</sup>

*Ambassador* has been beached at Estancia <u>San Gregorio, Chile</u> since 1899.<sup>[3]</sup> In 1973 Chile declared her a historic monument.<sup>[4]</sup>

The wreck is now reduced to a skeletal frame.<sup>[5][6]</sup>

# See also

Better preserved composite ship constructions include:

- *City of Adelaide* (1864), passenger clipper relocated from Scotland to Adelaide in 2014
- *Cutty Sark* (1869), tea-clipper in Greenwich, England
- HMS Gannet (1878), a Naval sloop in Chatham, England
- PS Oscar W (1908), a paddle steamer at Goolwa on the River Murray, South Australia

## References

1. MacGregor, David R. (1983). *The Tea Clippers, Their History and Development 1833–1875*. Conway Maritime Press Limited. p. 194. ISBN 0-85177-256-0.



Ambassador

History

United Kingdom	
Name:	Ambassador
Owner:	W. Lund & Co
Builder:	William Walker, Lavender Dry Dock, London
Launched:	1869
Out of service:	1896
Status:	Condemned 1895;
	beached & abandoned $hulk^{[1]}$
General characteristics	
Class and type:	Composite clipper
Tonnage:	692 GRT <sup>[1]</sup>
Length:	176.0 ft (53.6 m) <sup>[1]</sup>
Beam:	31.3 ft (9.5 m) <sup>[1]</sup>
Depth:	19.1 ft (5.8 m) <sup>[1]</sup>
Sail plan:	fully rigged ship (from 1869)
	barque(from 1874) <sup>[1]</sup>

2. Lubbock, Basil (1984). The China Clippers. Newton Abbott: David & Charles. p. 302. ISBN 0712603417.

- 3. Sam Jefferson (4 November 2014). <u>Clipper Ships and the Golden Age of Sail: Races and Rivalries on the</u> <u>Nineteenth Century High Seas (https://books.google.com/books?id=gH3uAwAAQBAJ&pg=PA14)</u>. A&C Black. p. 14. ISBN 978-1-4729-0028-9.
- Seidel, Guido. "Last port: Ultimo Puerto de Amarre Ambassador" (http://www.histarmar.com.ar/InfHistorica/Las t%20Port%20of%20Call/Ambassador.htm) (in Spanish). Histarmar – Historia y Arqueologia Marítima. Retrieved

23 February 2010 (including pictures)

- 5. "Chile Magellan Strait wreck of clipper Ambassador near Estancia San Gergorio" (https://www.flickr.com/phot os/14287578@N04/3244264379/in/photostream/). Flickr. 1 February 2009. Retrieved 22 May 2012.
- 6. "Ambassador Estancia San Gregorio, XII Región, Chile" (https://www.panoramio.com/photo/18853453). Panoramio. 11 February 2009.

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#### This page was last edited on 5 June 2019, at 19:09 (UTC).

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